1		The Honorable Robert S. Lasnik
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6	IINITED STATES I	NETDICT COUDT
7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE	
8	SUSAN SOTO PALMER, et al.,	NO. 3:22-cv-05035-RSL
9	Plaintiffs,	DECLARATION OF STUART HOLMES
10	,	IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT SECRETARY OF STATE STEVEN
11	v. STEVEN HOBBS, et al.,	HOBBS'S RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR CLARIFICATION
12	Defendants,	REGARDING TRIAL SCHEDULE
13	and	
14	JOSE TREVION, et al.,	
15	Intervenor-Defendants.	
16	Intervenor-Detendants.	
17	BENANCIO GARCIA III,	NO. 3:22-cv-05152-RSL-DGE-LJCV
18	Plaintiffs,	
19	v.	
20	STEVE HOBBS, et. al.	
21	Defendants.	
22	I, Stuart Holmes, declare as follows:	
23	1. I am over the age of 18, competent to testify as to the matters herein, and make	
24	this declaration based on my personal knowledge. I am currently employed as Director of	
25	Elections in the Office of the Secretary of State, a position I have held since November 2021.	
26	During a portion of this period my title was Acti	ng Director of Elections.

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My office is not directly responsible for drawing precinct boundaries.

process. My staff serve as subject matter experts and provide assistance with understanding of

We do provide technical assistance to counties as needed in the precinct revision

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the Geographic Information System (GIS) software, assistance with collaboration with county GIS experts, integration with the voter registration and election management system, and precinct requirements under state law. This is particularly true for smaller counties that lack technical resources.

- 14. Once revised, precinct boundaries require approval from a county commission or county council, which would take one to two weeks. Many counties require a public comment period before approving precincts.
- 15. After counties finish revising precinct boundaries—which must, by law, be complete no later than one week before candidate filing opens—counties submit their precinct lines and the associated shapefiles to us. We consolidate files from all the counties into our Geographic Information System (GIS) software.
- 16. We then validate the precinct boundaries counties have drawn to make sure they comply with state law and do not contain errors. For example, our staff must confirm that precinct boundaries do not cross congressional or legislative district boundaries, cross county lines, or have gaps or overlap. Depending on the size of the county, this may take anywhere from several hours to a few days per county.
- 17. We then import those shapefiles into a consolidated data file and import it into our statewide system, which connects the precinct information to voter information.
- 18. We then inform counties which voters are affected by the revisions and have changed precincts in the statewide voter registration and election management system.
- 19. The counties review groups of voters subject to split precincts and approve changes in the statewide voter registration and election management system.
- 20. Voters' precinct assignments are updated by an authorized county user in the statewide voter registration and election management system.
- 21. Precinct assignments (and for some types of offices, even more precise information) determine what districts a voter will vote in, but also in what districts they are

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eligible to run for office. When candidates file online, our VoteWA system determines their eligibility based upon what precinct, or portion of a precinct, they are registered to vote in.

- 22. For that reason, the precinct revision process must be complete before candidate filing opens, which, barring a veto of recent legislation, will be May 6, 2024.
 - 23. The candidate filing dates are set by state law.
- 24. Any change to the candidate filing dates would create significant impacts for my office and for counties.
- 25. Pushing back the candidate filing deadline will cost time that we don't have. It would force us to delay all other dates and deadlines related to the election, including the election date itself.
- 26. Barring a veto of recent legislation, in 2024, the candidate withdrawal deadline will be May 18, eleven days after the filing period opens.
- 27. Barring a veto of recent legislation, the deadline for candidates to submit photographs and candidate statements for the voter pamphlet will be May 20, 2024.
- 28. As soon as we have that information from candidates, our staff has to prepare material for voter pamphlets for the primary election. We compile, review, approve, and translate the material content for all candidates that file with the state. This includes candidates for federal office, statewide executive office, legislative office, supreme court justices, court of appeals judges, and superior court judges. We translate that content into Spanish statewide and Chinese and Vietnamese for King County.
- 29. Counties are then responsible for printing the voter pamphlets for the Primary. Materials for state and federal candidates need to be completed before each county's print deadline for printing of their voter pamphlet.
- 30. Each county prepares the ballots to be sent to voters in their county. Substantial time is required for ballot formatting after its content is certain, because every county must prepare multiple ballot styles based on every combination of issues and offices that will appear

- Many counties use private vendors to print, assemble, and mail ballot packets to voters. Once the ballots are final, counties then provide the electronic file to their contracted vendor to print the ballots. After printers receive the ballot orders, they prepare proofs of each ballot style, and provide them to the county auditors for final review and correction of any errors, as well as for testing of the proofs in the tabulation equipment. After counties approve these
- After ballots are printed, county auditors (or their vendors) must collate each ballot style with the correct personalized outgoing envelope, correct personalized return envelope, a security envelope, and instruction sheet. In some counties, the ballot printing vendor and mailing vendor are the same. In other counties, they are not.
- 33. Each county also must compile and print a voter pamphlet before each Primary and as soon as practical mail the voter pamphlet to each residence or registered voter. The Office of Secretary of State strives to have the approved voter pamphlet content available electronically online before the mailing of ballots to military and overseas voters.
- 34. Under Washington law, counties must mail ballots to military and overseas voters 45 days before an election. Federal law also requires that ballots for elections for federal offices

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1	be available for mailing to military and oversees voters at the same time. For the 2024 Primary,	
2	that deadline is June 22.	
3	35. Between candidate filing and mailing of the first ballots, there are just six weeks.	
4	There is no wasted time in that time period. Any compression of that schedule would be	
5	extremely cost-intensive and cumbersome for my staff and for the counties we work with and	
6	support.	
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8	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington and the	
9	United States that the foregoing is true and correct.	
10	SIGNED this, Washington.	
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12	STUART HOLMES	
13	Director of Elections	
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DECLARATION OF SERVICE 1 I hereby declare that on this day I caused the foregoing document to be electronically 2 filed with the Clerk of the Court using the Court's CM/ECF System which will serve a copy of 3 this document upon all counsel of record. 4 DATED this 9th day of May 2023, at Olympia, Washington. 5 6 s/Leena Vanderwood 7 Leena Vanderwood Legal Assistant 8 1125 Washington Street SE PO Box 40100 9 Olympia, WA 98504-0100 $(360)^{1}753-6200$ Leena. Vanderwood@atg.wa.gov 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26