IN THE

Supreme Court of the United States

Michael C. Turzai, in his capacity as Speaker of the Pennsylvania House of Representatives, and Joseph P. Scarnati, in his capacity as Pennsylvania Senate President Pro Tempore, *Applicants*

League of Women Voters of Pennsylvania, et al., Respondents

ANSWER OF STATE COURT INTERVENORS TO THE EMERGENCY APPLICATION OF SENATOR SCARNATI AND REPRESENTATIVE TURZAI FOR A STAY PENDING APPEAL TO THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT

To the Honorable Samuel A. Alito, Jr. Associate Justice of the United States and Circuit Justice for the Third Circuit

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ANSWER OF STATE COURT INTERVENORS TO THE EMERGENCY APPLICATION OF SENATOR JOSEPH B. SCARNATI AND REPRESENTATIVE MICHAEL C. TURZAI FOR A STAY PENDING APPEAL TO THE U.S. SUPREME COURT

The State Court Intervenors¹ support the application of State Senator

Scarnati and State Representative Turzai for a stay pending appeal to the United

States Supreme Court. All of the State Court Intervenors are registered

Republicans and include candidates and others who are active in in the Republican

Party and involved in the campaigns of Republican candidates for Congress.

The State Court Intervenors support a stay because of their belief that the remedial map promulgated by the Pennsylvania Supreme Court has not been properly implemented and cannot be properly implemented in time for the scheduled primary on May 15, 2018.

The run-up to the May 15, 2018 Pennsylvania Primary Election has begun. It includes the statutory season for circulating nominating petitions, followed by the challenges to the nominating petitions, the certification of candidates for the ballots for the Primary Election, and the mailing of absentee ballots as well as military and overseas ballots. By now, all candidates should know where they are running, and the parties should know where to circulate nominating petitions, meet voters, target

districts have now changed both geographically and numerically.

¹ Brian McCann, Daphne Goggins, Carl Edward Pfeifer, Jr., Michael Baker, Cynthia Ann Robbins, Ginny Steese Richardson, Carol Lynne Ryan, Joel Sears, Kurtes D. Smith, C. Arnold McClure, Karen C. Cahilly, Vicki Lightcap, Wayne Buckwalter, Ann Marshall Pilgreen, Ralph E. Wike, Martin C.D. Morgis, Richard J. Tems, James Taylor, Lisa V. Nancollas, Hugh H. Sides, Mark J. Harris, William P. Eggleston, Jacqueline D. Kulback, Timothy D. Cifelli, Ann M. Dugan, Patricia J. Felix, Scott Uehlinger, Brandon Robert Smith, Glen Beiler, Tegwyn Hughes, Thomas Whitehead, David Moylan, Kathleen Bowman, James R. Means, Jr., Barry O. Christenson, and Bryan Leib. See Exhibit 1, which lists the Intervenors according to their districts under the 2011 Plan. These

written and broadcast campaign communications, and request donations.

Unfortunately, everything that the voters, the candidates, and the political parties thought they knew has been swept away on the eve of the Primary by the Pennsylvania Supreme Court's remedial map of February 19, 2018, leaving candidates and the electorate confused about who is running for what congressional district, what congressional district they reside in, and who they can vote for in the primary.

Implementing the Pennsylvania Supreme Court's map at this time degrades what is normally a two-year campaign cycle for Congress into a fifty-yard dash of less than three months to the Primary. To add to the public's confusion, however, the Pennsylvania Supreme Court's remedial map renumbers all of the districts. Even more troublesome is the fact that the Pennsylvania Supreme Court's remedial map does not show the specific vote tabulation districts in each congressional district. This is a particular source of confusion for candidates and their active supporters, such as the Amici, because the Statewide Uniform Registry of Electors ("SURE") system has not been not timely updated by the Pennsylvania Department of State. While the Department of State is supposed to fill that information in, the circulation of nomination petitions has begun, and the voters, candidates, and their nomination petition circulators are at a loss as to which voters in split counties reside in which congressional district. The lack of clarity concerning who is included in each district makes circulating the nomination petitions very difficult. and will likely lead to numerous challenges that will involve the courts and further

reduce the period to campaign. To add to this confusion, under the remedial map, many voters may live in a different district than their current member of Congress. They face an election with candidates with whom they have no familiarity.

Local political parties begin recruiting and training volunteers in January to circulate nomination petitions for congressional candidates. The county parties hold events to circulate nomination petitions in February of an election year. As a result of the reconfiguration of all congressional districts and the delay in implementation, this opportunity has been lost and creates a serious impediment to a candidate seeking to secure the necessary number of signatures to appear on the Primary Election ballot.

Changing congressional districts before or after the nomination petition circulation period confuses voters. Intervenor Lynne Ryan believes that changing congressional districts during the nomination petition circulation period could cause a higher risk that a voter may sign a nomination petition for the wrong district. She believes that there is not enough time to inform voters of a change in congressional districts before nomination petitions begin circulation. She likens a change in congressional districts to changes in a voter's polling place: it would take time to educate voters of a change in the political and election process, similar to efforts to inform voters when their polling place changes at or near an election.

Intervenor Thomas Whitehead believes changing the congressional district boundaries will negate much, if not all, of the activities that he has undertaken as Chair of the Monroe County Republican Committee in connection with the 2018

congressional elections, including recruiting candidates, volunteers, and donors; organizing grassroots activities; creating public political communications in support of congressional candidates; and allocating campaigning activities and county committee resources amongst other candidates on the ballot. Whitehead made these efforts in reliance on Monroe County's current divide between the 10th District represented by Representative Tom Marino and the 17th District represented by Representative Matt Cartwright. Now, under the Supreme Court's map, Monroe County will be divided between the Lehigh Valley-based 7th District vacated by retiring Representative Charlie Dent and the northeastern Pennsylvania-based 8th District where Representative Matt Cartwright resides.

Changing congressional districts during the nomination petition circulation period could cause a higher risk that voters may sign a nomination petition for the wrong district. A voter may sign a nomination petition for only one candidate per office. Thus, if a voter is moved to a new congressional district and signs a nomination petition for her old district, not only is her signature invalid, but she cannot sign a second petition in her new district either, thereby effectively eliminating her rights. This could increase the number of objections to nomination petitions, thus increasing the burden on the courts and further delaying the identity of candidates for the primary election ballots.

The delayed nomination petition circulation period for congressional candidates has also directly impacted the special election for the 18th Congressional District. Governor Wolf issued a writ to hold a special election for the vacancy in

the current 18th Congressional District on March 13, 2018. The special election will be held a mere fifteen days after petitions begin to circulate for the election for the redrawn 18th Congressional District—now the 13th, 14th, 17th, and 18th Districts—in November 2018. Thus, the special election campaign will take place during the circulation of nomination petitions for the primary election, yet the two major party nominees in the Special Election, Republican Rick Saccone and Democrat Conor Lamb, no longer live in this district as it has been redrawn by the remedial map. Voters may not support either candidacy in the Special Election knowing that neither candidate may be on the ballot in November. Furthermore, voters will be confused because each candidate will be running in a different district in the primary in May (the "old" 18th District). This will also create confusion in gathering signatures for nomination petitions for the primary and general election.

State Court Intervenors Brian McCann et al. support the factual assertions in this Answer by way of the affidavits and other factual assertions which were submitted or provided by the Intervenors and are in the record below. Information concerning the separate election calendars for members of Congress, for all offices other than members of congress, and for the special election for the 18th District is provided in Exhibit 2, along with a summary of the statutory requirements for valid nomination petitions.

RELIEF REQUESTED

State Court Intervenors support the granting of a stay pending appeal so that the primary and general election for members of Congress in Pennsylvania can be conducted in an orderly manner based on a fully clarified and properly implemented congressional districting plan.

Respectfully,

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EXHIBIT 1

Name (District)	Intervenors
Brian McCann (CD-	Intervenor Brian McCann has been a registered
01)	Republican for over a decade and remains an
	active member in the Republican Party, serving
	as both the Committeeperson for the 65th Ward
	and the Ward Leader for the 57th Ward of the
	1st Congressional District.
Daphne Goggins (CD-	Intervenor Daphne Goggins resides in
02)	Philadelphia County in the 2nd Congressional
	District. Since turning 18, Ms. Goggins has been
	a registered Republican and remains an active
	member in the Party, serving as the Ward
	Leader for the 16th Ward of the 2nd
	Congressional District.
Michael Baker (CD-	Intervenor Michael Baker is a registered
03)	Republican voter who resides in the 3rd
	Congressional District in Armstrong County.
	Mr. Baker serves as the Chairman for the
	Republican Party of Pennsylvania's Southwest
	Caucus. Mr. Baker, along with his fellow Caucus
	Chairmen, has invested significant time and
	resources developing relationships with
	congressmen in his district. A sudden redrawing
	of the Congressional Districts would nullify the
	past work of Mr. Baker and his colleagues.
	Furthermore, such rash action would undermine
	their current and future work in preparing for
	the rapidly approaching midterm elections.
Cynthia Ann Robbins	Intervenor Cynthia Ann Robbins is a registered
(CD-03)	Republican who resides in the 3rd Congressional
(02 00)	District in Mercer County. Ms. Robbins serves
	as the State Committeewoman for the Mercer
	County Republican Party.
Ginny Steese	Intervenor Ginny Steese Richardson is a
Richardson (CD-03)	registered Republican voter who resides in the
	3rd Congressional District in Mercer County.
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Lynne Ryan (CD-03)	After 24 years of service, Ms. Richardson recently announced her retirement as the Treasurer of Mercer County. Ms. Richardson also serves as the Republican Party chairman for Mercer County and secretary of the Mercer County Grange Fair. Intervenor Lynne Ryan is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 3rd
	Congressional District in Lawrence County. Ms. Ryan serves as the State Committeewoman for the Lawrence County Republican Party.
Joel Sears (CD-04)	Intervenor Joel Sears is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 4th Congressional District in York County. Mr. Sears is a former School Director in the York Suburban School District. Mr. Sears remains active in local politics.
Kurtes D. Smith (CD-05)	Intervenor Kurtes D. Smith is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 5th Congressional District in Clinton County. Mr. Smith serves as the County Chairman for the Republican Party of Clinton County.
C. Arnold McClure (CD-05)	Intervenor C. Arnold McClure is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 5th Congressional District in Huntingdon County. Mr. McClure serves as the County Chairman for the Republican Party of Huntingdon County.
Karen C. Cahilly (CD-05)	Intervenor Karen C. Cahilly is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 5th Congressional District in Potter County. Ms. Cahilly serves as the County Chairwoman for the Republican Party of Potter County.
Vicki J. Lightcap (CD-06)	Intervenor Vicki Lightcap serves as the Mayor of Pennsburg, Pennsylvania. Ms. Lightcap, a registered Republican, resides in the 6th Congressional district.
Ann Marshall Pilgreen (CD-07)	Intervenor Ann Marshall Pilgreen is a registered Republican voter who resides in the

Martin C.D. Morgis	7th Congressional District in Montgomery County. Ms. Pilgreen remains active in local politics. Intervenor Martin C.D. Morgis is a registered
(CD-08)	Republican voter who resides in the 8th Congressional District in Bucks County.
Richard J. Tems (CD-08)	Intervenor Richard J. Tems is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 8th Congressional District in Bucks County.
James Taylor (CD-09)	Intervenor James Taylor is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 9th Congressional District in Franklin County. Mr. Taylor previously served as Chairman for the Republican Party of Franklin Party.
Lisa V. Nancollas (CD-10)	Intervenor Lisa V. Nancollas is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 10th Congressional District in Mifflin County.
Carl Edward Pfeifer, Jr. (CD-02)	Intervenor Carl Edward Pfeifer, Jr. is a registered Republican voter residing in the 2nd Congressional District in Montgomery County, and an active member of the Republican Party.
Hugh H. Sides (CD-10)	Intervenor Hugh H. Sides is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 10th Congressional District in Lycoming County.
Mark J. Harris (CD-10)	Intervenor Mark J. Harris is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 10th Congressional District in Snyder County. Mr. Harris is a former chairman of the Snyder County Republican Party. Mr. Harris remains active in local politics.
Wayne Buckwalter (CD-06)	Intervenor Wayne Buckwalter is a registered Republican voter residing in the 6th Congressional District in Chester County, and an active member of the Republican Party
William P. Eggleston (CD-11)	Intervenor William P. Eggleston is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 11th

	Congressional District in Wyoming County. Mr. Eggleston served as the Wyoming County Auditor.
Ralph E. Wike (CD-07)	Intervenor Ralph E. Wike is a registered Republican voter residing in the 7th Congressional District in Delaware County, and an active member of the Republican Party.
Timothy D. Ciffeli (CD-13)	Intervenor Timothy D. Cifelli serves as the President and COO of DDCworks, a public relations firm. Mr. Cifelli, a registered Republican, resides in Philadelphia County in the 13th Congressional District.
Ann M. Dugan (CD-14)	Intervenor Ann Dugan is the founder of the Institute for Entrepreneurial Excellence University of Pittsburgh. Ms. Dugan, a registered Republican, resides in Allegheny County in the 14th Congressional District.
Patricia J. Felix (CD-15)	Intervenor Patricia J. Felix resides in Northampton County in the 15th Congressional District. Prior to her retirement in 2003, Ms. Felix worked as a Senior Sourcing Specialist for Bethlehem Steel Corporation. Initially a registered Democrat, Ms. Felix has been a registered Republican since 1980 and remains an active member in the Party.
Scott Uehlinger (CD-15)	Intervenor Scott Uehlinger is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 15th Congressional District in Berks County. Mr. Uehlinger, a US Service Academy graduate, served ten years in both the US Navy and merchant service before beginning a career in the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA).
Tegwyn Hughes (CD-17)	Intervenor Tegwyn Hughes is a registered Republican voter who resides in the 17th Congressional District in Northampton County. Mr. Hughes serves as a Member of the Republican County Committee for Washington Township.

James R. Means, Jr.	Intervenor James R. Means, Jr. is a registered
(CD-18)	Republican voter who resides in the 18th
(CD 10)	Congressional District in Allegheny County.
Barry O. Christenson	Intervenor Barry O. Christenson is a registered
(CD-18)	Republican voter who resides in the 18th
	Congressional District in Allegheny County. Mr.
	Christenson serves as a School Director for the
	Bethel Park School District.
Jacqueline D. Kulback	Intervenor Jacqueline D. Kulback is a registered
(CD-12)	Republican voter residing in the 12th
	Congressional District in Cambria County, and
	currently serves as the County Chairwoman for
	the Cambria County Republican Party.
Brandon Robert Smith	Intervenor Brandon Robert Smith is a registered
(CD-16)	Republican voter residing in the 16th
	Congressional District in Lancaster County, and
	an active member of the Republican Party.
Glen Beiler (CD-16)	Intervenor Glen Beiler is a registered
	Republican voter residing in the 16th
	Congressional District in Lancaster County, and
	an active member of the Republican Party.
Thomas Whitehead	Intervenor Thomas Whitehead is a registered
(CD-17)	Republican voter residing in the 17th
	Congressional District in Carbon County, the
	County Chairman for the Republican Party of
	Monroe County, and an active member of the
	Republican Party.
David Moylan (CD-17)	Intervenor David Moylan is a registered
	Republican voter residing in the 17th
	Congressional District in Schuylkill County,
	who was a former Congressional candidate for
	the 17th Congressional District and he is a
	potential Congressional candidate in future
IZ-41-1- D	elections.
Kathleen Bowman	Intervenor Kathleen Bowman is a registered
(CD-04)	Republican voter residing in the 4th
	Congressional District, and an active member of
	the Republican Party.

Bryan Leib (CD-01)	Intervenor Bryan Leib is a registered
	Republican residing in the 1st Congressional
	District, an active member of the Republican
	Party, and was a potential candidate for the 1st
	Congressional District.

EXHIBIT 2

Pennsylvania's primary election is scheduled for May 15, 2018.

To be placed on the primary election ballot, a candidate for the United States House of Representatives must file a nominating petition containing at least 1,000 valid of electors residing in the district he desires to represent. 25 P.S. §2872.1(12).

For all elective offices other than Congress, the schedule for filing nomination petitions, for gathering signatures, and for mailing absentee ballots to military personnel is:

Nomination petitions must be filed on or before the tenth Tuesday before the primary election. 25 P.S. §2873(d). This year, the tenth Tuesday falls on March 6, 2018. The time allowed for gathering signatures is February 13 to March 6, or three weeks. 25 P.S. §2868.

The last day for objections to nominating petitions is the seventh day after the last day for filing. 25 P.S. §2937. This year, the seventh day falls on March 13, 2018.

Absentee ballots are to be mailed to military personnel not less than fifty days before the primary election and to non-military personnel not less than 45 days before the primary. 25 P.S. §3146.5(a). This year, the fiftieth day falls on March 26, 2018, and the forty-fifth day falls on Saturday March 31 and rolls over to Monday April 2.

For congressional candidates only, the court-ordered schedule is:

Nomination petitions must be filed on or before March 20. The time allowed for gathering signatures is February 27 to March 20, or three weeks – but a different three week period than for all other offices. As a result, the opportunity for congressional candidates to participate in normal petition signing events where electors can sign petitions for every primary candidate is severely curtailed if not eliminated.

The last day for objections to nominating petitions is March 27.

Absentee ballots for Congressional candidates are to be mailed to military personnel and others by March 30.

A third calendar applies to the special election to replace Congressman Tim Murphy in the 18th District until January 20, 2018. The special election is scheduled for March 13, 2018. Nomination papers had to be filed on or before January 22, 2018, and objections had to be filed on or before January 25, 2018. The current boundaries of this district have been redrawn under the remedial map ordered by the Pennsylvania Supreme Court, and the redrawn 18th District does not overlap the current 18th District.

The requirements for nomination petition signatures are:

Signers must be qualified electors and duly enrolled members of the party on behalf of which the candidate is running. 25 P.S. §§2867, 2868.

He or she must be a qualified elector of the political district identified on the nominating petition. 25 P.S. §2868.

He or she must provide his or her place of residence, "giving city, borough or township with street and number, if any." 25 P.S. §2868.

He or she must provide the date of signing, which must be no earlier than the thirteenth Tuesday before the primary and no later than the tenth Tuesday before the primary. 25 P.S. §2868.

Each page of the nomination petition must carry the circulator's affidavit stating:

- (a) that he or she is a qualified elector duly registered and enrolled as a member of the designated party of the State, or of the political district, as the case may be, referred to in said petition, unless said petition relates to the nomination of a candidate for a court of common pleas, for the Philadelphia Municipal Court or for the Traffic Court of Philadelphia or for justice of the peace, in which event the circulator need not be a duly registered and enrolled member of the designated party;
- (b) his residence, giving city, borough or township, with street and number, if any;
- (c) that the signers thereto signed with full knowledge of the contents of the petition;
- (d) that their respective residences are correctly stated therein;
- (e) that they all reside in the county named in the affidavit;
- (f) that each signed on the date set opposite his name; and
- (g) that, to the best of affiant's knowledge and belief, the signers are qualified electors and duly registered and enrolled members of the designated party of the State, or of the political district, as the case may be.

The qualification of electors is governed by 25 P.S. §§2811-2812.

The residence of electors is governed by 25 P.S. §§2813-2814.

An elector of the candidate's party and the party itself may object to a candidate's nomination petition. A person registered in a party other than

that of the candidate cannot vote in the candidate's primary election, 25 P.S. §2832, and lacks standing to object to the candidate's nomination petition.

Signatures on a nomination petition can be challenged for lack of authenticity, for lack qualification to vote, for incorrect or inauthentic accompanying information, or for residence outside the political district identified on the nomination petition.

A nominating petition can be challenged for failure to file a circulator's affidavit, for the circulator's failure to sign the affidavit before a notary, or for lack of knowledge that the individual signers signed with full knowledge of the contents of the nomination petition.